

## Sales Catalog of HNK Telecommunication Products

### Fiber Optic Cable

#### Multimode 50/125 OM2

This graded-index 50/125  $\mu\text{m}$  multimode fiber has a 50  $\mu\text{m}$  core diameter and a 125  $\mu\text{m}$  cladding diameter. The fiber is designed for use at 850 nm and/or 1300 nm and is suitable for use in premises cabling applications, like Local Area Networks (including backbone, riser and horizontal) with video, data and/or voice services Using LED, VCSEL and Fabry-Perot laser sources at 850 nm or 1300 nm.

This multimode fiber assures full compatibility with legacy systems, like Fast Ethernet, FDDL, ATM, Fiber Channel and 1Gb/s Ethernet. Because of the nature of the Plasma-activated Chemical Vapor Deposition(PVCD) manufacturing process, this fiber offers the highest bandwidth available in the market.

The fiber complies with or exceeds IEC 60793-2-10 type A1a.1 Optical Fiber Specification, TIA/EIA-492AAAB-A detail specification.

#### Optical Characteristics for Multimode 50/125 $\mu\text{m}$ (OM2)

CHARACTERISTIC	CONDITION	SPECIFIC VALUE	UNIT
<b>Optical Characteristics</b>		<b>OM2</b>	
Attenuation	850 nm	$\leq 2.4$	[dB/km]
	1300 nm	$\leq 0.6$	
Minimum Modal Bandwidth	850 nm	$\geq 700$	[MHz.km]
	1300 nm	$\geq 500$	
Effective Modal Bandwidth	850 nm	$\geq 950$	[MHz.km]
	1000 BASE-SX (850nm)	750	
Application Support Distance on	10G BASE-SR (850nm)	150	[m]
	40&100Gigabit Ethernet (850nm)	-	
Numerical Aperture (NA)		$0.200 \pm 0.015$	
Group Index of Refraction (Typical)	850 nm	1.482	
	1300 nm	1.477	
Zero Dispersion Wavelength, $\lambda_0$		1295-1340	[nm]
Zero Dispersion Slope, $S_0$	$1295\text{nm} \leq \lambda_0 \leq 1310\text{nm}$	$\leq 0.105$	[ps/( $\text{nm}^2 \cdot \text{km}$ )]
	$1310\text{nm} \leq \lambda_0 \leq 1340\text{nm}$	$\leq 0.000375(1590 - \lambda_0)$	
Macro Bending Induced loss 100 Turns @ 37.5mm Radius	850 nm	$\leq 0.50$	[dB]
	1300 nm	$\leq 0.50$	
Macro Bending Induced loss 2 Turns @ 15mm Radius	850 nm	$\leq 1.0$	[dB]
	1300 nm	$\leq 1.0$	
<b>Geometrical Characteristics</b>			
Core Diameter		$50 \pm 2.5$	[ $\mu\text{m}$ ]
Cladding Diameter		$125.0 \pm 1.0$	[ $\mu\text{m}$ ]
Core Non-Circularity		$\leq 5.0$	[%]
Cladding Non-Circularity		$\leq 1.0$	[%]
Coating Diameter		$245 \pm 7$	[ $\mu\text{m}$ ]
Coating/Cladding Concentricity Error		$\leq 10.0$	[ $\mu\text{m}$ ]
Coating Non-Circularity		$\leq 6.0$	[%]
Core/Cladding Concentricity Error		$\leq 1.5$	[ $\mu\text{m}$ ]
Delivery Length		Up to 8.8	[km/reel]
<b>Environmental Characteristics</b>		<b>850 nm &amp; 1300 nm</b>	
Temperature Dependence (Induced Attenuation)	-60°C to +85°C	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
Temperature Humidity Cycling (Induced Attenuation)	-10°C to +85°C, 98% RH	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
Damp Heat Dependence (Induced Attenuation)	85°C and 85% RH, for 30days	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
Water Soak Dependence (Induced Attenuation)	23°C, for 30days	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
Dry Heat Aging	85°C, for 30days	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
<b>Back Scatter Characteristics</b>		<b>1300 nm</b>	
Step (Mean of Bidirectional Measurement)		$\leq 0.10$	[dB]
Irregularities Over Fiber Length & Point Discontinuity		$\leq 0.10$	[dB]
Attenuation Uniformity		$\leq 0.08$	[dB/km]
<b>Mechanical Characteristics</b>			
Proof Test		$\geq 9.0$	[N]
		$\geq 1.0$	[%]
		$\geq 100$	[Kpsi]
Coating Strip Force	Typical Average Force	1.5	[N]
	Peak Force	$\geq 1.3$ & $\leq 8.9$	[N]
Dynamic Stress Corrosion Susceptibility Parameter ( $N_d$ , Typical)		27	