

## Sales Catalog of HNK Telecommunication Products

### Fiber Optic Cable

#### Multimode 50/125 OM3

To support high performance, low-cost, short reach 10 Gb/s applications, developed a 850 nm laser-optimized 50  $\mu$ m multimode fiber: Max Band -OM3 multimode fiber, formerly known as MaxBand300. These applications are in particular Local Area Networks (LAN) backbones up to 300 m (10GBASE-SX), Storage Area Networks (SAN), Data Centers up to 100 m at 40G/100G speeds (40GBASE-SR4 and 100GBASE-SR10) and Central Office connections. The Max Band multimode fibers are produced by the proprietary Plasma-activated Chemical Vapor Deposition process (PCVD), acknowledged worldwide as offering the best core profile accuracy in multimode fiber.

Thanks to the special bandwidth performance of the MaxBand-OM3 multimode fiber, a broad range of legacy and 10 Gb/s applications can be supported. This range of multimode products offers end-users the best possible optimization of their networks in the most flexible way.

The OM3 multimode fiber complies with or exceeds IEC 60793-2-10 type A1a.2 Optical Fiber Specification, ISO/IEC 11801 OM-3 Specification, TIA/EIA-492AAAC detail Specification.

#### Optical Characteristics for Multimode 50/125 $\mu$ m (OM3)

CHARACTERISTIC	CONDITION	SPECIFIC VALUE	UNIT
<b>Optical Characteristics</b>			
	OM3		
Attenuation	850 nm	$\leq 2.4$	[dB/km]
	1300 nm	$\leq 0.6$	
Minimum Modal Bandwidth	850 nm	$\geq 1500$	[MHz.km]
	1300 nm	$\geq 500$	
Effective Modal Bandwidth	850 nm	$\geq 2000$	[MHz.km]
Application Support Distance on	1000 BASE-SX (850nm)	1000	[m]
	10G BASE-SR (850nm)	300	
	40&100Gigabit Ethernet (850nm)	100	
Numerical Aperture (NA)		$0.200 \pm 0.015$	
Group Index of Refraction (Typical)	850 nm	1.482	
	1300 nm	1.477	
Zero Dispersion Wavelength, $\lambda_0$		1295-1340	[nm]
Zero Dispersion Slope, $S_0$	$1295\text{nm} \leq \lambda_0 \leq 1310\text{nm}$	$\leq 0.105$	[ps/(nm <sup>2</sup> .km)]
	$1310\text{nm} \leq \lambda_0 \leq 1340\text{nm}$	$\leq 0.000375 * (1590 - \lambda_0)$	
Macro Bending Induced loss 100 Turns @37.5mm Radius	850 nm	$\leq 0.50$	[dB]
	1300 nm	$\leq 0.50$	
Macro Bending Induced loss 2 Turns @15mm Radius	850 nm	$\leq 1.0$	[dB]
	1300 nm	$\leq 1.0$	
<b>Geometrical Characteristics</b>			
Core Diameter		$50 \pm 2.5$	[ $\mu$ m]
Cladding Diameter		$125.0 \pm 1.0$	[ $\mu$ m]
Core Non-Circularity		$\leq 5.0$	[%]
Cladding Non-Circularity		$\leq 1.0$	[%]
Coating Diameter		$245 \pm 7$	[ $\mu$ m]
Coating/Cladding Concentricity Error		$\leq 10.0$	[ $\mu$ m]
Coating Non-Circularity		$\leq 6.0$	[%]
Core/Cladding Concentricity Error		$\leq 1.0$	[ $\mu$ m]
Delivery Length		Up to 8.8	[km/reel]
<b>Environmental Characteristics</b>			
	850 nm & 1300 nm		
Temperature Dependence (Induced Attenuation)	-60°C to +85°C	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
Temperature Humidity Cycling (Induced Attenuation)	-10°C to +85°C, 98% RH	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
Damp Heat Dependence (Induced Attenuation)	85°C and 85% RH, for 30days	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
Water Soak Dependence (Induced Attenuation)	23°C, for 30days	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
Dry Heat Aging	85°C, for 30days	$\leq 0.10$	[dB/km]
<b>Back Scatter Characteristics</b>			
	1300 nm		
Step (Mean of Bidirectional Measurement)		$\leq 0.10$	[dB]
Irregularities Over Fiber Length & Point Discontinuity		$\leq 0.10$	[dB]
Attenuation Uniformity		$\leq 0.08$	[dB/km]
<b>Mechanical Characteristics</b>			
Proof Test		$\geq 9.0$	[N]
		$\geq 1.0$	[%]
		$\geq 100$	[Kpsi]
Coating Strip Force	Typical Average Force	1.5	[N]
	Peak Force	$\geq 1.3$ & $\leq 8.9$	[N]
Dynamic Stress Corrosion Susceptibility Parameter ( $N_d$ , Typical)		27	