E-Mail: sales@hnkoptic.com

Sales Catalog of HNK Telecommunication Products Fiber Optic Cable

Optical Characteristics

The difference between single mode and multimode fiber mainly lies in fiber core diameter, wavelength, light source and bandwidth. Single mode fiber typical core diameter is 9µm. And multimode fiber core diameter is 50µm and 62.5µm typically. Due to the large core size if multimode fiber, some low-cost light sources like LEDs and VCSELs that works at the 850nm and 1310nm wavelength are used in multimode fiber cables. While the single mode often uses a laser or laser diodes to produce light injected into the cable. And the commonly used single mode fiber wavelength is 1310nm and 1550nm.

Single mode was for high-speed long-distance transmission and multimode was used for lower speed short-distance applications. The smaller the core diameter, the higher the fiber's bandwidth and the lower the attenuation (loss in dB per kilometer). The fiber's attenuation and bandwidth are also dependent on wavelength. Multimode 50 µm fiber had a lower cost and higher modal bandwidth than multimode 62.5 µm core fiber. A higher bandwidth fiber carries more data. Multimode fiber bandwidth is limited by its light mode and the maximum bandwidth at present is 28000MHz*km of OM5 fiber. OM5 optical fiber can transmit multiple wavelengths using Short Wavelength Division Multiplexing (SWDM) technology, while maintaining OM4 backward compatibility. If the network's transmission distances dictate the use of single-mode optical fiber, consider specifying bend-insensitive, zero water peak (ZWP), full spectrum fibers. See table below.

				M: 0 5111		Min. Link Distance (m)			
Fiber Type	M	Max. Attenuation (dB/km)			Min. Overfill Launch Bandwidth (Mhz.km)		1000 BASE-SX	10G BASE-SR	40&100Gigabit Ethernet
	850nm	1300nm	1310nm	1550nm	850nm	1300nm	850nm	850nm	850nm
OM1 62.5/125µm	≤2.7	≤0.6	-	-	≥200	≥600	500	-	-
OM2 50/125µm	≤2.4	≤0.6	-	-	≥700	≥500	750	150	-
OM3 50/125µm	≤2.4	≤0.6	-	-	≥1500	≥500	1000	300	100
OM4 50/125µm	≤2.4	≤0.6	-	-	≥3500	≥500	1100	550	150
OM5 50/125µm	≤2.4	≤0.6	-	-	≥3500	≥500	1100	600	200
G652D 9/125µm	-	-	≤0.34	≤0.20	-	-	-	-	-
G655 9/125µm	-	-	-	≤0.22	-	-	-	-	-
G657A1 9/125µm	-	-	≤0.35	≤0.21	-	-	-	-	-
G657A2 9/125µm	-	-	≤0.35	≤0.21	-	-	-	-	-
G657B3 9/125µm	-	-	≤0.35	≤0.21	-	-	-	-	-

ANSI/TIA/EIA-598-B Standard Fiber Color Code

Fiber Number	Fiber Color	Fiber Number	Fiber Color
Fiber 1	Blue	Fiber 7	Red
Fiber 2	Orange	Fiber 8	Black
Fiber 3	Green	Fiber 9	Yellow
Fiber 4	Brown	Fiber 10	Purple
Fiber 5	Gray	Fiber 11	Pink
Fiber 6	White	Fiber 12	Agua

Fiber 13 and higher the color code is repeated with added black stripe or dash

Note: Fiber Tube color will be followed with same order.

Ordering Information

Part Number: OC-XX-A(B)CDCL

Ordering Guide

<u> </u>				•	
XX	Α	В	С	D	CL
Cable Type	Jacket	Fiber/Per Loose Tube or	Fiber Count	Fiber Type	Jacket
Code		Fiber/Per Sub Unit			Color(CL)
please see	1=PVC	2=2 Fibers/Loose Tube	No. Of Fiber	OM1=62.5/125 OM1, OM2=50/125 OM2	As noted in
the reference	2=LSZH	12=12 Fibers/Loose Tube	004F, 048F	OM3=50/125 OM3, OM4=50/125 OM4	Color code
below	3=PE			OM5=50/125 OM5, G652D=9/125 G652D	chart
		2=2 Fibers/Sub Unit		G655=9/125 G655, G657A1=9/125 G657A1	
		12=12 Fibers/Sub Unit		G657A2=9/125 G657A2, G657B3=9/125 G657B3	

Color Code

BL-Blue	OR-Orange	GR-Green	BR-Brown
GY-Grey	WH-White	RE-Red	BK-Black
YE-Yellow	PU-Purple	PI-Pink	AQ-Aqua



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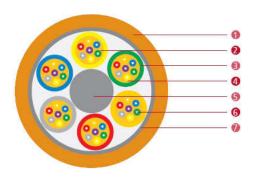
Sub Grouping Tight Buffer Optical Cable (GJPFJVV)

This high fiber count cable is formed from sub unit containing water blocking aramid yarn and 12 fibers. These sub units are helically stranded to get cable sizes from 12 to 144 fibers. Tight buffer multi fiber cable design allows sub bundles to be routed to separate areas needing different fiber counts.

They have high moisture resistance and can be routed across multiple bends. Each fiber is mechanically reinforced with two successive sheaths of $400\mu m$ and $900\mu m$ which enables direct termination of connectors. Excellent strip force stability, fiber geometrical dimension and transmission performance meets the customer demand. It is available in PVC, LSZH, Plenum outer sheath and tight buffer: $900\mu m$, $600\mu m$. The cable is specially designed for indoor applications like floor distribution, interconnection and equipment connection.



Cable Cross Section



Ĭ	2	3	4	5
Outer Jacket	Aramid Yarn	Sub Unit Jacket	Tight Buffer	Central Strength
			6	7
			Optical Fiber	Water Proof Tape

Complied with or Exceeds Standard

- IEC 60793-2-10 type A1b, TIA/EIA-492AAAA-A.
- IEC 60793-2-10 type A1a.1, TIA/EIA-492AAAB-A.
- IEC 60793-2-10 type A1a.2, ISO/IEC 11801 OM-3, TIA/EIA-492AAAC.
- IEEE 802.3z Gigabit Ethernet
 IEEE 802.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet
- IEC 60793-2-10 type A1a.3, ISO/IEC 11801 OM-4, TIA/EIA-492AAAD.
- IEEE 602.3ae 10 Gigabit Ethernet
- IEC 60793-2-10 type Ala.4, ISO/IEC 11801 OM5, TIA/EIA-492AAAE.
- IEEE 802.3ba 40&100 Gigabit Ethernet
- ITU-T Recommendation G.652.D/G.655/G.657.A1/G.657.A2/G.657.B2/G.657.B3
- IEC 60793-2-50 type B1.3/B6.a1/B6.a2/B6.b2/ B6.b3 Optical Fiber Specification.
- ANSI/TIA/EIA 568C.3

ROHS Compliant Directive 2011/65/EU(ROHS2.0)

Mechanical & Environmental Characteristics

Min. Tensile Load (Short Term)	1320N	Min. Tensile Load (Long Term)	400N
Min. Crush Load (Short Term)	1000N/100mm	Min. Crush Load (Long Term)	300N/100mm
Bend Radius-Dynamic (mm)	20D	Bend Radius-Static (mm)	10D
UL Fire Rated	OFNR	Sub Unit Jacket Material	PVC or LSZH
Outer Diameter (mm)	14.5mm (12~24 F), 16.5mm	n (36~48 F), 18.5mm (72 F), 22mr	m (96 F), 28mm (144 F)
Outer Jacket Material	Standard: PVC Optional	: LSZH, PE or other	
Operating Temperature	-20°C to +60°C	Storage Temperature	-20°C to +60°C

Note: "D" is Cable Outer Diameter.

Ordering Sample

Part Number	Description
OC-GJPFJVV-112144G652DYE	144 Cores Singlemode G652D GJPFJVV Fiber Optic Cable, 12 Fibers/Per Sub Unit,
OC-GJPFJVV-112144G052DTE	PVC Jacket, Yellow Color.